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# On decompositions of some subsets of soft weak structures

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Abstract The main purpose of this paper, is to extend the study of soft weak structures [1, 36] defined on a set X. We further introduce the soft structure r(swo) and study its basic properties in detail. Also, the relationship between the soft structure r(swo) and other existing soft structures [1] have been investigated, supported by counter examples. It has been pointed out in this paper that many of these parameters studied have, in fact, applications in real world situations and therefore I believe that this is an extra justification for the work conducted in this paper.

**Key Words** Soft weak structures, Soft minimal spaces,  $\pi(swo)$ ,  $\sigma(swo)$ ,  $\alpha(swo)$ ,  $\beta(swo)$ ,  $\rho(swo)$  and r(swo)**MSC 2010** 54A40, 54C08

### 1 Introduction

Csar [16] introduced a generalized structure called generalized topology. Also, Csar [15, 17], introduced and studied generalized operators. After then, Csar [18] has introduced a new notion of structures called weak structure (briefly, WS). So that, every generalized topology [16] and every minimal structure [32] is a WS. In 2007, Arpad Szaz [14] succeed to introduce an application on the minimal spaces and generalized spaces. In [18], Csar defined some structures and operators under more general conditions, which are investigated in detail in [34].

Molodtsov [33] initiated the concept of soft set theory as a new mathematical tool for dealing with uncertainties. In 2011, Shabir et al. [35] initiated the study of soft topological spaces. In [23], Kandil et. al. introduced some soft operations and investigated their related properties. Kandil et al. [30] introduced the notion of soft semi separation axioms. The notion of soft ideal was initiated for the first time by Kandil et al.[26]. They also introduced the concept of soft local function. These concepts are discussed with a view to find new soft topologies from the original one, called soft topological spaces with soft ideal. Applications to various fields were further investigated in [9, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 31].

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The notion of supra soft topological spaces was initiated for the first time by El-sheikh and Abd El-latif [20]. They also introduced new different types of subsets of supra soft topological spaces and study the relations between them in detail. The notion of b-open soft sets was initiated in [6, 19]. More recent papers have studied related topological properties of supra soft topological spaces [2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13]. The notion of soft generalized topological space was introduced by Jyothis et al. in [22], which is generalized in [21] to notion of soft minimal spaces. In 2016, Zakari et al. [36] introduced the concept of soft weak structure SW over a universe X with a fixed set of parameters E, which is extended in [1].

Our aim of this paper, is to introduce the soft structure r(swo) and study its basic properties in detail. Also, the relationship between the soft structure r(swo) and other existing soft structures [1] have been investigated.

#### 2 Preliminaries

In this section, we present the basic definitions and results of soft set theory which will be needed in the sequel. For more detail see [1, 20, 35, 36, 37].

**Definition 2.1.** [35] Let  $\tau$  be a collection of soft sets over a universe X with a fixed set of parameters E, then  $\tau \subseteq SS(X)_E$  is called a soft topology on X if

- 1.  $\tilde{X}, \tilde{\varphi} \in \tau$ , where  $\tilde{\varphi}(e) = \varphi$  and  $\tilde{X}(e) = X$ ,  $\forall e \in E$ ,
- 2. the union of any number of soft sets in  $\tau$  belongs to  $\tau$ ,
- 3. the intersection of any two soft sets in  $\tau$  belongs to  $\tau$ .

The triplet  $(X, \tau, E)$  is called a soft topological space over X.

**Definition 2.2.** [37] The soft set  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$  is called a soft point in  $\tilde{X}$  if there exist  $x \in X$  and  $e \in E$  such that  $F(e) = \{x\}$  and  $F(e') = \varphi$  for each  $e' \in E - \{e\}$ , and the soft point (F, E) is denoted by  $x_e$ .

**Definition 2.3.** [37] The soft point  $x_e$  is said to be belonging to the soft set (G, E), denoted by  $x_e \tilde{\in} (G, E)$ , if for the element  $e \in E$ ,  $x \in G(e)$ .

**Definition 2.4.** [21] Let  $\tilde{m}$  be a collection of soft sets over a universe X with a fixed set of parameters E, then  $\tilde{m}$  is called a soft minimal space if and only if  $\tilde{X}, \tilde{\varphi} \in \tilde{m}$ .

**Definition 2.5.** [36] Let SW be a collection of soft sets over a universe X with a fixed set of parameters E, then SW is called a soft weak structure if and only if  $\tilde{\varphi} \in SW$ . The members of SW are said to be SW-open soft sets in X. A soft set (F, E) over X is said to be a SW-closed soft set, if its relative complement  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}}$  is SW-open soft. We denote the set of all SW-open soft sets over X by swo(X) and the set of all SW-closed soft sets by swc(X).

**Definition 2.6.** [36] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E. Then, the SW-soft interior of (G, E), denoted by  $i_{sw}(G, E)$  is the soft union of all SW-open soft subsets of (G, E) i.e

 $i_{sw}(G,E) = \tilde{\cup}\{(H,E) : (H,E) \text{ is } \mathcal{SW} - open \text{ soft set and } (H,E)\tilde{\subseteq}(G,E)\}.$ 

**Definition 2.7.** [36] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E. Then, the SW-soft closure of (F, E), denoted by  $c_{sw}(F, E)$  is the soft intersection of all SW-closed soft supersets of (F, E) i.e

 $c_{sw}(F,E) = \tilde{\cap}\{(H,E) : (H,E) \text{ is } \mathcal{SW} - closed \text{ soft set and } (F,E) \subseteq (H,E)\}.$ 

**Theorem 2.8.** [36] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E), (G, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then, the following statements hold.

1. 
$$i_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq (F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E)$$
.

- 2.  $c_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) = c_{sw}(F, E)$  and  $i_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)) = i_{sw}(F, E)$ .
- 3. If  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E)$ , then  $i_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(G, E)$  and  $c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E)$ .

4. 
$$c_{sw}(\tilde{X} - (F, E)) = \tilde{X} - i_{sw}(F, E)$$
 and  $i_{sw}(\tilde{X} - (F, E)) = \tilde{X} - c_{sw}(F, E)$ .

**Theorem 2.9.** [1] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E), (G, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then, the following statements hold.

- 1.  $x_e \tilde{\in} c_{sw}(F, E)$  if and only if  $(G, E) \tilde{\cap} (F, E) \neq \tilde{\varphi}$  for every SW-open soft set (G, E)and  $x_e \tilde{\in} (G, E)$ .
- 2.  $x_e \tilde{\in} i_{sw}(F, E)$  if and only if there exists a SW-open soft set (G, E) such that  $x_e \tilde{\in} (G, E)$  $\tilde{\subseteq} (F, E)$ .

**Theorem 2.10.** [1] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E), (G, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then:

- 1.  $i_{sw}((F, E) \tilde{\cap} (G, E)) \tilde{\subseteq} i_{sw}(F, E) \tilde{\cap} i_{sw}(G, E).$
- 2.  $c_{sw}(F, E) \tilde{\cup} c_{sw}(G, E) \tilde{\subseteq} c_{sw}((F, E) \tilde{\cup} (G, E)).$
- 3.  $d_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}d_{sw}(G, E)\tilde{\subseteq}d_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E)).$

**Definition 2.11.** [36] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then, (F, E) is called SW-soft dense if and only if  $c_{sw}(F, E) = \tilde{X}$ .

**Theorem 2.12.** [1] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then:

- 1.  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F,E)))) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F,E)).$
- 2.  $c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)).$

**Definition 2.13.** [1] Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then:

- 1.  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$  and  $(F, E) \in \pi(swc)$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)) \subseteq (F, E)$ .
- 2.  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$  and  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swc)$  if and only if  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) \subseteq (F, E)$ .
- 3.  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)))$  and  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swc)$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))) \subseteq (F, E)$ .
- 4.  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))$  and  $(F, E) \in \beta(swc)$  if and only if  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))) \subseteq (F, E)$ .
- 5.  $(F, E) \in \rho(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) \cup c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$  and  $(F, E) \in \rho(swc)$  if and only if  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) \cap c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)) \subseteq (F, E)$ .

#### 3 Characterizations of The Soft Structure r(swo)

In this section, we introduce and study properties of the soft structure r(swo) in detail. Furthermore, the relationship between the soft structure r(swo) and other existing soft structures [1] have been investigated.

**Definition 3.1.** Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then,  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$  and  $(F, E) \in r(swc)$  if and only if  $(F, E) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$ .

**Theorem 3.2.** Let SW be any soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then,  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swo)$  and  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \beta(swo)$ .

Proof. Necessity: Let  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$ . Then,  $(F, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$  from Definition 2.13. Hence,  $i_{sw}(F, E) = i_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) = (F, E)$  from Theorem 2.8 (2). Hence,  $(F, E) = i_{sw}(F, E) = i_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))\tilde{\subseteq}i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)))$ . Thus,  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swo)$ . On the other hand,  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} = [i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))]^{\tilde{c}} = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)^{\tilde{c}})\tilde{\subseteq}c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)^{\tilde{c}}))$ . Thus,  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \beta(swo)$ .

Sufficient:Let  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swo)$  and  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \beta(swo)$  for any  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then,  $(F, E) \in \beta(swc)$ . It follows,  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))) \subseteq (F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)))$ , and hence  $(F, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)))$ . Thus,  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))))) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))) = (F, E)$  from Theorem 2.12 (2). Therefore,  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$ .

**Theorem 3.3.** Let SW be any soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then,  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$  and  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \sigma(swo)$ .

*Proof.* Necessity: Follows directly from Definition 2.13.

Sufficient:Let  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$  and  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \sigma(swo)$  for any  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then,  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swc)$ . It follows,  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) \subseteq (F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$ , and hence  $(F, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$ . Thus,  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$ .

**Theorem 3.4.** Let SW be any soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then,  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$  if and only if there exists  $(G, E) \in r(swo)$  such that  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E)$  and  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(G, E)$ .

Proof. Necessity: Let  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$ . Then,  $(F, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$ . Put  $(G, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$ , then  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E)$  and  $c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E)$  from Theorem 2.8 (3). But,  $c_{sw}(G, E) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))$  $\subseteq c_{sw}(F, E)$ . Thus,  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(G, E)$ . Also, we have  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(G, E)) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) = (G, E)$  from Theorem 2.12 (1). Therefore,  $(G, E) \in r(swo)$ .

Sufficient:Let  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E)$  and  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(G, E)$  for some  $(G, E) \in r(swo)$ , it follows that  $i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(G, E)) = (G, E)$ . Hence,  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$ , and hence  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$ .

**Theorem 3.5.** Let SW be any soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . If  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$ , then  $(F, E) = (G, E) \cap (H, E)$  for some  $(G, E) \in r(swo)$  and (H, E) is SW-soft dense set.

Proof. Let  $(F, E) \in \pi(swo)$ . By Theorem 3.4, there exists  $(G, E) \in r(swo)$  such that  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E)$  and  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(G, E)$ . Take  $(H, E) = (F, E) \widetilde{\cup} (G, E)^{\tilde{c}}$ . Then,  $\tilde{X} = (G, E) \widetilde{\cup} (G, E)^{\tilde{c}} \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E) \widetilde{\cup} c_{sw}((G, E)^{\tilde{c}}) = c_{sw}(F, E) \widetilde{\cup} c_{sw}((G, E)^{\tilde{c}}) \subseteq c_{sw}[(F, E) \widetilde{\cup} (G, E)^{\tilde{c}}] = c_{sw}(H, E)$  from Theorem 2.10 (2). But,  $c_{sw}(H, E) \subseteq \tilde{X}$ . It follows that,  $c_{sw}(H, E) = \tilde{X}$ . Thus, (H, E) is  $\mathcal{SW}$ -soft dense set. Moreover,  $(F, E) = (G, E) \cap (H, E)$ .  $\Box$ 

**Remark 3.6.** The converse of Theorem 3.5 is not true in general as shown in the following example.

**Example 3.7.** Suppose that there are three alternatives in the universe of cars  $X = \{c_1, c_2, c_3\}$  and consider  $E = \{e_1, e_2\}$  be the set of decision parameters which are stands for "Motor" and "color" respectively. Let  $SW = \{\tilde{\varphi}, (F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E), (F_4, E)\}$ , where  $(F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E)$ ,

 $(F_4, E)$  are four soft sets over X representing the attractiveness of the cars which Mr. A and Mr. B are going to buy defined as follows:

$$\begin{split} F_1(e_1) &= \{c_1\}, \quad F_1(e_2) = \{c_2\}, \\ F_2(e_1) &= \{c_1, c_2\}, \quad F_2(e_2) = \{c_1, c_2\}, \\ F_3(e_1) &= \{c_2, c_3\}, \quad F_3(e_2) = \{c_1, c_3\}, \\ F_4(e_1) &= \{c_1, c_3\}, \quad F_4(e_2) = \{c_1, c_2\}. \\ Consider \ the \ soft \ sets \ (M, E), (N, E), \ where: \\ M(e_1) &= \{c_2, c_3\}, \quad M(e_2) = \{c_1, c_3\}, \\ N(e_1) &= \{c_1, c_2\}, \quad M(e_2) = \{c_2, c_3\}, \\ we \ have \ (M, E) \in r(swo) \ and \ (M, E) \ is \ \mathcal{SW}\text{-soft \ dense \ set. \ But, \ (M, E) \cap (N, E) = (O, E) \notin \pi(swo), \end{split}$$

where:  $O(e_1) = \{c_2\}, \quad O(e_2) = \{c_3\}.$ 

**Theorem 3.8.** Let SW be a soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then, the following properties are equivalent:

- 1.  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$ ,
- 2. There exists  $(G, E) \in \pi(swo)$  such that  $(G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E)$ ,
- 3.  $c_{sw}(F, E) \in r(swc)$ .

Proof. (1)  $\Rightarrow$  (2). Let  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$ . Then,  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))$ . Put  $(G, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$ . It follows that,  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E)$ ,  $(G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E)$  and  $(G, E) = i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(G, E))$  from Theorem 2.8 (3). Hence,  $(G, E) \in \pi(swo)$ .

 $(2) \Rightarrow (3). \text{ Let } (G, E) \in \pi(swo) \text{ such that } (G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E). \text{ Then, } (G, E) \subseteq i_{sw}(c_{sw}(G, E)) \text{ and } c_{sw}(G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(G, E))) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E) \text{ from } (2) \text{ and Theorem 2.8}$   $(2). \text{ So, } c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))) = c_{sw}(G, E). \text{ Since } (G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E), c_{sw}(G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))$   $(F, E)) = c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(G, E) \text{ from Theorem 2.8} (2). \text{ This means that, } c_{sw}(G, E) = c_{sw}(F, E), \text{ and }$   $\text{hence } c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))) = c_{sw}(G, E) = c_{sw}(F, E). \text{ Thus, } c_{sw}(F, E) \in r(swc).$ 

(3)  $\Rightarrow$  (1). Let  $c_{sw}(F, E) \in r(swc)$ . Then,  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))$ . Hence,  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$ .

**Theorem 3.9.** Let SW be a soft weak structure on X. If  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E)$  and  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$ , then  $(G, E) \in \beta(swo)$ .

Proof. Let  $(F, E) \subseteq (G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E)$  and  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$ . Then,  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))$ . Since  $(G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E), \ (G, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E))) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(G, E)))$  from Theorem 2.8 (3). Therefore,  $(G, E) \in \beta(swo)$ .

**Definition 3.10.** [1] A soft set (F, E) in a soft weak structure SW is said to be a SW-clopen soft if and only if it is both SW-open soft and SW-closed soft.

**Theorem 3.11.** [1] Let SW be any soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . If (F, E) is SW-clopen soft set, then  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swo)$  and  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \pi(swo)$ .

**Theorem 3.12.** Let SW be a soft weak structure on X and  $(F, E), (G, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then, the following properties are hold:

- 1. If (F, E) is SW-clopen soft, then  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$  and  $(F, E) \in r(swc)$ .
- 2.  $(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(c_{sw}(F, E)))$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(F, E) \in \beta(swo)$ .
- 3.  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swo)$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$ .
- 4. If (F, E) is SW-clopen soft, then  $(F, E) \in \alpha(swo)$  and  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \alpha(swo)$ .
- 5.  $(F, E) \in r(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in r(swo)$ .

- *Proof.* 1. Follows from the fact that, if (F, E) is SW-open (resp. closed) soft, then  $i_{sw}(F, E) = (F, E)$  (resp.  $c_{sw}(F, E) = (F, E)$ ).
  - 2. Follows directly from Definition 2.13 (4).
  - 3.  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swo)$  if and only if  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)) \subseteq c_{sw}(F, E)$  if and only if  $c_{sw}(F, E) = c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$ .
  - 4. It is similar to the proof of (1).
  - 5. Clear from Definition 3.1.

**Remark 3.13.** Theorem 3.12 (4) is a generalization of Theorem 3.11. Also, the following example shows that, the converse of Theorem 3.12 (4) is not true in general.

**Example 3.14.** Suppose that there are four alternatives in the universe of phones  $X = \{p_1, p_2, p_3, p_4\}$ and consider  $E = \{e_1, e_2\}$  be the set of decision parameters which are stands for "android" and "expensive" respectively. Let  $SW = \{\tilde{\varphi}, (F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E), (F_4, E), (F_5, E), \}$ 

 $(F_6, E)$ , where  $(F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E), (F_4, E), (F_5, E), (F_6, E)$  are six soft sets over X representing the attractiveness of the phones which Mr. X and Mr. Y are going to buy defined as follows:

$$\begin{split} F_1(e_1) &= \{p_4\}, \quad F_1(e_2) = \varphi, \\ F_2(e_1) &= \{p_1\}, \quad F_2(e_2) = \{p_3\}, \\ F_3(e_1) &= \{p_1, p_2\}, \quad F_3(e_2) = \{p_1, p_2\}, \\ F_4(e_1) &= \{p_4\}, \quad F_4(e_2) = \{p_4\}, \\ F_5(e_1) &= \{p_1, p_2\}, \quad F_5(e_2) = \varphi, \\ F_6(e_1) &= \{p_2, p_3\}, \quad F_6(e_2) = \{p_2, p_3\}. \\ Then, \ the \ soft \ set \ (G, E) \in \alpha(swo) \ and \ (G, E)^{\tilde{c}} \in \alpha(swo). \quad But, \ (G, E) \notin \mathcal{SW}, \ where: \ G(e_1) = \{p_1, p_2, p_3\}, \quad M(e_2) = X. \end{split}$$

**Remark 3.15.** If  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swo)$ , then it doesn't imply that  $i_{sw}(F, E) \neq \varphi$ . The following example supports our claim.

**Example 3.16.** Suppose that there are four alternatives in the universe of jobs  $X = \{j_1, j_2, j_3, j_4\}$  and consider  $E = \{e_1, e_2\}$  be the set of decision parameters which are stands for "salary" and "position" respectively. Let  $SW = \{\tilde{\varphi}, (F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E), (F_4, E), (F_5, E)\}$ , where  $(F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E), (F_4, E), (F_5, E)\}$ , where  $(F_1, E), (F_2, E), (F_3, E), (F_4, E), (F_5, E)\}$  are five soft sets over X representing the attractiveness of the jobs which Mr. X and Mr. Y are going to buy defined as follows:

$$\begin{split} F_1(e_1) &= \{j_1, j_2\}, \quad F_1(e_2) = \{j_1, j_2\}, \\ F_2(e_1) &= \{j_1\}, \quad F_2(e_2) = \{j_3\}, \\ F_3(e_1) &= \{j_1, j_2\}, \quad F_3(e_2) = \varphi, \\ F_4(e_1) &= \{j_1, j_2, j_3\}, \quad F_4(e_2) = \{j_1, j_2, j_3\}, \\ F_5(e_1) &= \{j_2, j_3\}, \quad F_5(e_2) = \{j_2, j_3\}. \end{split}$$

Then, the soft set  $(T, E) \in \sigma(swo)$ , but  $i_{sw}(T, E) = \varphi$ , where:  $T(e_1) = \{j_4\}, \quad T(e_2) = \varphi.$ 

**Theorem 3.17.** If  $X \in SW$ . Then,  $i_{sw}(F, E) \neq \varphi$  for every  $(F, E) \in \sigma(swo)$ . The following example supports our claim.

Proof. Let  $\varphi \neq (F, E) \in \sigma(swo)$ . By Definition 2.13 (2),  $(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E))$ . If  $i_{sw}(F, E) = \varphi$ , then  $c_{sw}(i_{sw}(F, E)) = \varphi$ , where  $X \in SW$ . Thus,  $(F, E) = \varphi$ , which is a contradiction. Therefore,  $i_{sw}(F, E) = \varphi$ .

**Remark 3.18.** Examples 3.9 of [1], show that the equality will not hold in Theorem 2.10. The following theorem shows that equality holds, if SW is closed under finite soft intersection.

**Theorem 3.19.** Let SW be a soft weak structure over X with a fixed set of parameters E such that SW is closed under finite soft intersection and  $(F, E), (G, E) \in SS(X)_E$ . Then, the following statements hold.

- 1.  $c_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}c_{sw}(G, E) = c_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E)).$
- 2.  $i_{sw}((F,E) \cap (G,E)) = i_{sw}(F,E) \cap i_{sw}(G,E).$
- 3.  $d_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}d_{sw}(G, E) = d_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E)).$
- 4.  $(G, E) \tilde{\cap} c_{sw}(F, E) \tilde{\subseteq} c_{sw}[(F, E) \tilde{\cap} (G, E)]$  for every  $(G, E) \in SW$ .
- 5.  $c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E)] = c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap (F, E)]$  for every  $(G, E) \in SW$ .
- 6.  $c_{sw}(G, E) = c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap (F, E)]$  for every  $(G, E) \in SW$  and (F, E) is SW-soft dense set.
- Proof. 1. By Theorem 2.10 (2),  $c_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}c_{sw}(G, E)\tilde{\subseteq}c_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E))$ . For the other inclusion, assume that  $x_e \not\in c_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}c_{sw}(G, E)$ . It follows that,  $x_e \not\in c_{sw}(F, E)$  and  $x_e \not\in c_{sw}(G, E)$ . By Theorem 2.9 (1), there exist SW-open soft sets (A, E), (B, E) containing  $x_e$  such that  $(G, E)\tilde{\cap}(A, E) = \tilde{\varphi}$  and  $(F, E)\tilde{\cap}(B, E) = \tilde{\varphi}$ . Now,  $x_e \in (A, E)\tilde{\cap}(B, E) \in SW$ . Hence,  $[(A, E)\tilde{\cap}(B, E)]\tilde{\cap}[(F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E)] =$  $[((A, E)\tilde{\cap}(B, E))\tilde{\cap}(F, E)]\tilde{\cup}[((A, E)\tilde{\cap}(B, E))\tilde{\cap}(G, E)] \in [(B, E)\tilde{\cap}(F, E)]\tilde{\cup}[(A, E)\tilde{\cap}(G, E)] = \tilde{\varphi}$ . Thus,  $x_e \notin c_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E))$ . Therefore,  $c_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}c_{sw}(G, E)\tilde{\supseteq}c_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E))$  and so  $c_{sw}(F, E)\tilde{\cup}c_{sw}(G, E) = c_{sw}((F, E)\tilde{\cup}(G, E))$ .
  - 2. Follows from (1).
  - 3. By a similar argument of (1).
  - 4. Let  $x_e \tilde{\in} (G, E) \tilde{\cap} c_{sw}(F, E)$  and  $(G, E) \in SW$ . Then,  $x_e \tilde{\in} (G, E)$  and  $x_e \tilde{\in} c_{sw}(F, E)$ . By Theorem 2.9 (1),  $(F, E) \tilde{\cap} (H, E) \neq \tilde{\varphi}$  for every SW-open soft set (H, E) containing  $x_e$ . Since  $x_e \tilde{\in} (G, E) \tilde{\cap} (H, E) \in SW$  and so  $((G, E) \tilde{\cap} (H, E)) \tilde{\cap} (F, E) = (H, E) \tilde{\cap} [(G, E) \tilde{\cap} (F, E)] \neq \tilde{\varphi}$ . Hence,  $x_e \tilde{\in} c_{sw} [(F, E) \tilde{\cap} (G, E)]$ . Therefore,  $(G, E) \tilde{\cap} c_{sw}(F, E) \tilde{\subseteq} c_{sw} [(F, E) \tilde{\cap} (G, E)]$ .

- 5. From (4),  $(G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}[(F, E) \cap (G, E)]$  for every  $(G, E) \in SW$ , and hence  $c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E)] \subseteq c_{sw}[(F, E) \cap (G, E)]$  from Theorem 2.8 (3). On the other hand,  $(G, E) \cap (F, E) \subseteq (G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E) \subseteq c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E)]$  and so  $c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap (F, E)] \subseteq c_{sw}$  $[(G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E)]$  from Theorem 2.8 (3). Therefore,  $c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap c_{sw}(F, E)] = c_{sw}[(G, E) \cap (F, E)]$ .
- 6. Follows from (5).

#### 4 Conclusion

The concept of of soft weak structures was first introduced by Zakari et al.[36] in 2016 as a generalization to soft topological spaces [35], supra soft topological spaces [20] and soft minimal spaces [21]. In [1], the deviations between soft weak structure and that in soft topological spaces and supra soft topological spaces have been investigated by Abd El-laif. Also, new soft structures, as a generalizations to thats in [18, 20, 23, 34] are introduced and their properties are investigated.

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